THE

# CLEVELAND GAZETTE.

VOL. I.—NO. 12. CLEVELAND, OHIO, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1883. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

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## CIVIL RIGHTS DECISION.

Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll's Speech in Lincoln Hall, Washington, D. C., October 22.

**Hon. Frederick Douglass Preceded Colonel Ingersoll—Two Thousand Personalin Lincoln Hall, Double that Number Unable To Get In.**

Colonel Ingersoll said that they had met for the purpose of expressing their opinions of a recent decision of the Supreme Court of the United States. He gave the substance of the decision and of the sections of the Civil Rights bill which were found unconstitutional. He said that it was a mistake to suppose that the judges arrived at their conclusions honestly; it was their right to make the decision, and it was equally the right of every citizen to criticise that decision. It must be remembered that judges were but men; that the decision of the Supreme Court was unquestioned; it was regarded as "a voice from on high." The Dred Scott decision destroyed that illusion. It must also be remembered that the judges sleep; that they "wake at dawn; they find what has been, not what ought to be; they are influenced by prejudices; they are influenced by emotions; they are influenced by interests." In this country the people are sovereign, and have the right to question the acts of their agents. It was fortunately for us, our fathers adopted the common law of England—a law polluted by kingly arrogance, by the spirit of caste—and permeated, saturated with the political heresy that the people received their rights, privileges and immunities from the crown."

Col. Ingersoll read the thirteenth amendment. Before its passage, he said, the constitution was the shield of slavery. For three-quarters of a century the Supreme Court of the United States exhausted ingenuity in protecting slavery. He then proceeded to state the old court and the framers of the old constitution. "In the rebellion," said he, "the Supreme Court was the last fort to surrender. The adoption of the thirteenth amendment made the slaves free men and citizens. Since the Supreme Court has decided that freed men were a part of the people, and that the people contituted the State. Under the constitution the State is guaranteed a government republican in form. If distinctions are made because of color, the republican form of government does not exist, and it is the duty of the general government to see that every State has such a government.

The speaker then proceeded to prove that the civil rights bill was authorized by the Thirteenth amendment, because that amendment abolished not only slavery, but the badges and the brand and stain and mark of slavery." It abolished all distinctions on account of race or color. "Under the power of the adoption of the Thirteenth amendment the law became color blind."

The speaker then proceeded to show that the decisions of the Supreme Court were quoted tending to show that Congress had power to pass the civil rights legislation. This portion of the speech was simply a powerful legal argument, and culminated with the words: "Hail to the Supreme Court! Hail to the Court in the spirit of these amendments to the constitution, passed a law in 1849 requiring that all persons engaged within that State, in the business of common carriers of passengers, should make no discrimination on account of race or color. Under this law De Cair took passage on a steamer, buying a ticket from New Orleans to Hermitage, in the entire trip being within the limits of the State, and on the boat was refused accommodation on account of his color. She recovered in the State Court of Louisiana a judgment for $1,000. The defendant appealed to the Supreme Court of Louisiana, and the judgment of the court below was sustained. Afterward it was taken to the Supreme Court of the United States by the administrator of the defendant, on the ground that a federal question was involved.

Now you will see that this was a case where the State had acted, and had acted exactly in accordance with the Constitutional amendments; had by law provided that the privileges and immunities of citizens of the United States should not be abridged in that State, and that no distinctions should be made on account of color. And in that case the Supreme Court of the United States solemnly decided that the State had the right to legislate, and uses the following language:

"If the public good required such legislation, it must come from Congress and not from the States.

"In the five cases recently decided the question is exactly this—Has Congress the right to enact a law such as that is to say, if the public good requires such legislation it must come from the States and not from Congress."

Upon what the speaker called the "pettifogging" and "technical" legislation," he quoted Chief Justice Marshall to show that Congress has power to make such laws as shall carry into the Constitution into effect, and that Congress is the judge as to what laws are necessary. He said that Congress and that power is vested in Congress to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the prohibitions contained in the fifth amendment, and "appropriate legislation," according to Judge Marshall, is legislation of a character which, in the opinion of Congress, is necessary to secure the end for which the amendment was adopted. Proceeding, Mr. Ingersoll said:

The next subterfuge is that the word state does not include the people of the state. It is my judgment the word "state," as used in the constitution, includes not only the persons in office, but the people who put them there, and whose agents these officers are. In the constitution it is provided that the state shall coin money. According to this decision any person in any state may have that right, and Congress can enforce it by suit against such person. And yet we have a state that prevents any person in any state from coining money. No matter if he should coin it of pure gold of the requisite fineness and weight, he is a criminal. We have a silver dollar coined by the government worth eighty-five cents. If any person in any state should coin a silver dollar with a dollar's worth of silver in it he would be held guilty of a crime.

And yet the only authority that Congress has springs from that clause: "No state shall coin money."

The sovereignty of a state extends only to that which exists by its own authority.

2. The powers of the general Government were not conferred by the people of a single State. They were given by the people of the United States to a Government whose laws, in pursuance of the Constitution, are declared to be supreme.

3. The United States is a Government whose authority extends over the whole territory of the Union, acting upon all the States and upon all the people of all the States.

4. No State can exclude the Federal Government from the exercise of any authority conferred upon it by the Constitution, or withhold from it for a moment the assistance of the State in which that instrument has committed to it.

5. It is the duty of Congress to enforce the Constitution, and it has been clothed with power to make all laws necessary and proper for the execution of the powers vested by the Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof.

6. Congress is the judge as to what legislation is necessary and appropriate to carry into effect any part of the Constitution.

7. It is the duty of the Government to protect every citizen in all his rights everywhere, without regard to race, color, or previous condition of servitude.

8. Every citizen, with all his privileges and immunities are protected by the legislation of a State, have the right of appeal from such State to the Nation.

9. When a State fails to protect a citizen in any right conferred or guaranteed to that citizen by the Constitution of the United States, he has the right to find redress in the Federal Courts.

10. The Thirteenth amendment declares that neither slavery nor involuntary servitude shall exist within the jurisdiction of the United States.

This is not merely a negative affirmation; and the amendment is not imposed upon the general government to see that neither slavery nor involuntary servitude shall exist. It is a question of authority in the country, the government, and the Federal Government is clothed with power to make all necessary laws to enforce it.

11. The fourteenth amendment provides that all persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside.

This is an affirmation. It is not simply a prohibition. The moment the amendment was adopted it became the duty of the United States to protect the citizens created by that amendment.

We are no longer citizens of the United States because we are citizens of the several States, but we are citizens of the United States because we have been born or naturalized in the United States.

It therefore follows that it is not only the right but the duty of Congress to enact all laws necessary for the protection of citizens of the United States.

12. Congress cannot shirk this responsibility by leaving citizens of the United States to be taken care of by the several States. The recent decision of the Supreme Court cuts asunder the tie that binds the citizen to the general Government. Under the old Constitution there were no citizens of the United States; there were only citizens of the various States, and such citizens looked to their several States for protection.

The Federal Government had no jurisdiction. Slavery partition did not rest on mutual obligation. Under the fourteenth amendment we are all citizens of a common country, and our duty, our first obligation, is not to the State in which we reside, but to the Federal Government.

This section of the fourteenth amendment destroys State prejudice and lays the foundation for National patriotism.

13. All statutes, all amendments to the Constitution, in derogation of natural rights, should be strictly construed.

14. All statutes, all amendments for the preservation of natural rights should be liberally construed.

Every court should seek to narrow by construction the scope of every law that infringes upon any natural right; and every court should, by construction, give the broadest meaning to every statute or constitutional provision passed or adopted for the preservation of freedom.

In construing the Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth amendments, the court need not go back to decisions rendered in the days of slavery, when the days when narrow and constrained construction was the rule, in favor of slave institutions and against the slave master. These amendments utterly obliterated all such decisions.

The Supreme Court should begin with the amendments. It need not look behind them. They are a part of the fundamental, organic law of the Nation. They were adopted to destroy the old decisions—to obliterate all former statutes.

They laid a new foundation for a new nation.

The Supreme Court has failed to comprehend the spirit of our age. It has under-valued the accomplishments of the war; it has not grasped the full grandeur, the mission and destiny of the republic.

The decision is, in my judgment, unworthy of the august tribunal by which it was delivered. It has given new life to the serpent of State sovereignty; it has furnished food and drink, breath and blood, to prejudice that were perishing of famine; and in the old cave of Civilization vs. Barbarism, it has endeavored to grant the defendant a new trial.

The next subterfuge is social equality. It is claimed that social equality cannot be enforced by law.

Nobody thinks it can.

This is not a question of social equality, but of equal rights.

A colored citizen has the same right to ride upon the cars that I have; the same right to be fed and lodged at public inns that I have; the same right to visit the theater that I have.

The Federal soldiers who escaped from Libby or Andersonville, and who in swamps, in the darkness of night, were fed and rescued by the slave, had no scruples about eating with a Negro! They were willing to sit beneath the same tree and eat with him the food he brought. The white soldier was willing to find rest and slumber beneath the Negro's roof.

Chase has no color! It is neither white nor black!

Patriotism is the same. Social relations depend upon an almost infinite number of influences and considerations.

We all have likes and dislikes. We choose our companions.

This must be a natural right. You cannot force into my house persons whom I do not want there. But there is a difference between a public inn and a private house. The inn is for the public. The private house is for the family and those they may invite. The landlord invites the entire public, and he must serve those who come, if they are fit to be received.

A railway is public, not private. It derives its power from the public. It takes private land for public purposes. It is incorporated for the good of the public, and the public must be served. The railway, the hotel, the theater has a right to make a distinction between people of good manners and bad—between the clean and the unclean, the vicious and the peaceable. There are white people who have no right to be in any place except a bath tub, and there are colored people in the same condition. A dirty white man cannot force himself into a respectable, hotel nor into a railway car nor into a theater; neither should the unclean colored be allowed to interfere with the happiness of others.

What I claim is that in public places, other things being equal, no distinction should be made on account of the race or color. The basest black man should be treated like a bad white man. He should not be denied admittance because he is black or because he is white.

Social equality is not contended for either between white and white, black and black, or white and black. I do not, I will not force myself upon others, neither will I allow others to force themselves upon me.

In all social relations we should have the utmost liberty. Let all public discrimination

Riding in the same cars, stopping at the same inns, eating in the same theaters, no more involve a social question than speaking the same language, reading the same book, praying in the same house, traveling on the same highway, eating the same food, breathing the same air, warming in the same sunshine, shivering in the same cold, defending the same flag, loving the same institutions, living in the same world, and yet thousands of people are in deadly fear about social equality! They imagine that riding with colored people is dangerous; that the chance acquaintance will lead to marriage. They think that the marriage will be followed by a constitutional amendment. Such people can be described only in the language of Walt Whitman. They are like "immutable, granitic pudding-heads of the world!"

In this country all rights must be preserved, all wrongs must be redressed through the ballot. The colored man has his share in the government, as part of the sovereign power of the Nation. At the ballot box he is the equal of Judges, Senators, and Presidents, and he votes when counted, is the equal of any other. He must use this sovereign power for his own protection and for the preservation of his children. The ballot is his sword and shield. It is his political manhood. It is the rock on which he stands, the column against which he leans. He should vote for no man who does not believe in and fights for all. He should not be misled by party cries, nor by vague promises in politics platforms. Neither vote for the men and for the party that will protect him—for Congressmen who believe in justice—for Judges who weighed justice—whose brains are not tangled by technicalities, and whose hearts are not petrified by precedents. And for Presidents who will protect the black citizen from the tyranny of the whites, who will be the friend of the friends of some white people, and as some black people do not always tell the truth, you must compel all candidates to put their principles in black and white. Of one thing you can rest assured—the best white people are your friends. The humane, the civilized, the just, the most intelligent, the grandest, are on your side. You cannot find out of the parties are with you. Your chemics are the enemies of liberty, of progress, of justice. The white man who would make the race honorable believe in equal rights for you. Stand by your friends. Do not forget the Republican party responsible for this decision unless the Republican party indorses it. Had the quarrelling party been in power, it would have been decided exactly the other way—at least a hundred to one. That party grew out of the thirteenth, fourteenth and fifteenth amendments. They were given in good faith. These amendments put you on a constitutional and political equality with white men. That they have been narrowed in their application, that the Supreme Court has not its fault of the Republican party. It is not for me to give you advice. Your conduct has been above all praise. You have been as patient as the very earth. You have been law-abiding and industrious. You have but silmostlyy asserted your rights. You have been modest and forgiving. You have retaliated by your forgiveness. All I can ask is that you continue to do as you have done. Educate your children. Strive to raise yourselves independent. Work for homes. Do not be satisfied to work simply for others—work for yourselves. Labor to become the masters of yourselves.

In conclusion Colonel Ingersoll said he saw no reason why the white man should hate the black man, but if the tables were turned we would have cause to do so.

"They do not ask for revenge. They simply ask for justice. The are willing to forget the past—willing to hide their scars—anxious to bury the broken chains, and to forget the miseries and hardships, the tears and agonies of two hundred years.

"The old issues are again upon us: Is this a Nation? Have all citizens of the United States equal rights without regard to race or color? Is it the duty of the general Government to protect its citizens? Can the Federal arm be paleied by the action or non-action of a State?

"Another opportunity is given for the people of this country to take sides. "According to my belief the most sublime thing for every man to do is to be absolutely true to himself.

"All consequences, whether rewards or punishment, whether honor and power or disgrace and, poverty, are as dreams underneat. I have made my choice. I have taken my stand. Where my brain and heart go, there I will publicly and openly walk.

"Doing this is my highest conception of duty. Doing allowed to do so by others is liberty.

"Liberty is not now a free Government, if citizens cannot now be protected, if the three amendments have been unanimously by the Supreme Court, we must have another; and if that fails, then another.... And we must neither stop nor pause until the Constitution shall become a perfect shield for every right of every human being beneath our flag."

## WILBERFORCE.

**Our Representative With an Interesting Local Letter—Personals, etc.**

The Society of Inquiry on Missions was very pleasantly and instructively entertained last evening by a lecture from Philip P. Tolliver, D. D., of Dayton. His subject was "The Right Direction of Activity." What there was of it was good, but there was not enough. Just about the time we had settled ourselves down for an eloquent flow from the reverend gentleman he reached his climax and announced the end. Dr. W. A. Jackson was accompanied him over from Dayton. The Doctor is very much pleased with Wilberforce and the surrounding country. He thinks he can accomplish some good here. With this object in view, he will visit his graduates at Mr. Byrne's residence, prepared to perform all kinds of dental work. He is a dentist of no mean standing in Dayton, and has a growing practice. He is a gentleman of pleasing address, well up in his profession and all those needing dental work will do well to consult him on his return next Monday. We hope the people here will make his visit profitable to him by giving him a liberal patronage. We rather like the idea of colored doctors, lawyers, preachers, teachers, and everything else that any other man can be and be successful. We need more distinguished leaders down among the people. While there is a struggle going on among our distinguished great men as to who is really the greatest leader of the race, the masses are suffering. The uppertendom of colored society is all right and able to stand alone, but there is a lowerdom or substrata where the greatest influence is needed. Very often heights are reached that are so lofty and giddy that we dare not look down on those beneath for fear of toppling over. And when such heights are reached our influence is exerted on a place entirely above those who need it most. If it were possible we would not deter any man in single word or act from climbing as high as they can, but we would drop the idea that it would be a good idea to carry up the wants of those that lie struggling and bleeding on the ground and allow those heights to be only the means of placing us in a more available position for accomplishing the end in hand of ministering to them.

J. P. M. Alexander, who is at present catering to the wants of many in a well appointed dining-hall, is much elated with the success he is meeting. He put a range in his kitchen a short while ago, costing more than fifty dollars, and is prepared to accommodate in first-class style. Like all others of no poor mortals he indulges in bright dreams of the future, and he has had a vision now we think worthy of mention. He has an idea that some persons would like to spend the summer in the neighborhood of Wilberforce and that he is the man that can make it pleasant for them. Since he is an old experienced hand in the dining-hall and expects to run an establishment on a much larger scale, he would advise all who think of visiting the "Tawawa Literary Assembly," or any other institution of the next summer and will need accommodations outside of friends, to communicate with Mr. P. M. Alexander.

Bishop D. A. Payne took his departure Thursday for Baltimore, Md., and from there to Charleston, for a winter.

Bishop J. P. Shorter is home.

Mrs. Dr. Jackson and her sister, Miss Bell Early, will probably visit Xenia, Tenn., the latter part of this week.

Miss Gussie Gleed put in an appearance on Thursday, much to the pleasure of her many friends. She looks well after her summer's recreation and reports a fine time.

Through all the excitement that followed the 15th of October, the college has preserved an equilibrium and is doing her usual amount of work. Since "live is the fulfillment of the law," the Supreme Court was surely overflowing with the "milk of human kindness" toward us, as they have permanently fulfilled the law in its strictest sense, in their recent decision.

DROIT ET AVANT.

WRITTEN FOR THE GAZETTE.

## L'HISTOIRE DES HEROS D'AFRIQUE.

**Dans L'Ile de Ste. Domingo.**

BY PAUL GASTON.

No V.—Toussaint L'Ouverture.

Vincent Beauprez, in his celebrated "*Reflections on the Tragical Drama of the Dominican Insurrection,*" says: "Toussaint L'Ouverture, at the head of an army, was the embodiment of the most active and the most indefatigable man that it is possible for the human mind to form a conception. "His great sobriety, combined with the faculty which none but himself possessed, of inspiring the soldiers, by the ascendancy which he possessed over them, enabled him to surmount the most disastrous reverses on the field of battle, render him so eminently superior to those around him that their respect and submission were marked to the verge of fascination, and it is certain that no man of modern times ever possessed such an influence over a body of men as Toussaint exercised over his brethren of Ste. Domingo."

Such is the testimony of an enemy who had lost all his earthly possessions through the instrumentality of our hero.

Toussaint was of a prepossessing and commanding appearance, of medium stature, but of an iron frame. His features were of a dark and unaffected character, broad and well developed. forhead would, under any circumstances, designate him as a man of thought. Endowed by nature with lofty qualities of mind, he owed his elevation to his own energies and devotion to the welfare of his unhappy race. Like most men of energetic temperament his habits were thoughtful. In speech he conversed at his meetings by the shortest methods. So profound and original were his opinions that they have been adopted by all the chiefs who survived him. His maxims are still the guidance of the rulers of Hayti. His ideas were vigorous and well at his copious, and whatever he could not express in his native "patois," appeared from his lips in the polished language of France, which he was compelled to employ in official business.

While at the Cabinet of Toussaint himself practiced an austere sobriety bordering on abstemiousness, though his subordinate officers were reveling in luxury. Veneration for his character was not confined to Ste. Domingo, but pervaded all the chiefs of Europe. In generous France his name, his fame and his incomparable virtues were deeply pronounced in the National Cordelia.

Toussaint, without an hour's education, without a single friend, without a valiant soldier, baffled the skill and conquered Napoleon's most experienced followers! Without a syllable of military knowledge he fought like one born on the field! Without means he procured his race, beat his enemies in battle and turned their deadly weapons against themselves. Toussaint L'Ouverture became educated by his own inherent energies. From a slave he rose to a soldier, a General and a Governor, and had, if he would, have been King or Emperor of the people his bravery had redeemed from slavery. He was the most brilliant traits of genius, which were developed in the private circle, the council and the field of battle.

*His name was a tower of strength to his friends, but a scathing terror to his enemies!*

His career as a Christian, a Statesman, a General or a citizen, will compare favorably with that of the immortal Washington, each a leader of an outraged people! Each struggled against warlike foes! Each founded a government in the New World, but Toussaint's government had the immeasurable advantage of being founded on the "ETERNAL ROCK OF LIBERTY!" A government that abolished the inhuman slave trade, and proclaimed FREEDOM the universal watch-word, while the Government of Washington incorporated the institution of slavery that rivited chains upon the limbs of unborn millions!

When impartial history shall have garnered her priceless sheaves; in our National archives; when great, proud, magnanimous America shall write over her embittered proscription of our struggling race; when the mellowing influences of a truly Christian civilization shall have penetrated the hearts of this (otherwise) noble people, then justice will be done to the illustrious forerunner of American liberty to our oppressed race, and the name of TOUSSAINT L'OUVERTURE be found among the first on the roll of fame!

THE END.

## AN UNNATURAL UNION.

**An Arkansas Presiding Elder Marries a Second Wife.**

LITTLE ROCK, Nov. 3.—Rev. J. G. Pollard, until a few weeks since Presiding Elder of the Methodist Episcopal Church of Northern Arkansas, created a sensation to-day by marrying a second wife. He married Miss Bailey. He was divorced from his second wife a month ago.

In reference to the above clipping we would say we do not know exactly what is the short space of mourning for the second wife or his marrying the Negress which seems somewhat unusual, but we think the latter. It is said the people living in different parts of the world prefer to associate with the races, viz.: Caucasian, Ethiopian, Mongolian, Malay and American or Red race. It is an undeniable fact and a fact as old as the world, that the Ethiopian race is as natural as any of the others, and is second to none in every way unless the Caucasian, and, considering the disadvantages under which it has laboured until the last two decades, it is *not even second to the Caucasian.* So, why is an alliance between an Ethiopian and one of the other four races any more unnatural than an alliance between any two of the other races? If a Negro commits crime it is a broad crime, and he is a black fiend. If an American, Italian, German or Irishman does the same thing it is regarded heresy. We will not credit the opposite race as a whole with this and lack of intelligence, but attribute it to a few who are prejudiced by the hoved prejudice and no intelligence.

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CLEVELAND, SATURDAY, NOV. 9th.

## TO OUR CONTRIBUTORS.

Do not write two pages when one will suffice. Write only on one side of the paper. Be sure to sign your name to your letter. Be sure to write plainly. Nothing can be published unless the writer's name is known. Be sure to put your name on your manuscript. Be sure to write on one side of the paper. Be sure to write plainly. Be sure to write only on one side of the paper. Be sure to write only on one side of the paper. Be sure to write only on one side of the paper

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

[illegible]

# NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Gathered from All Quarters.

## WASHINGTON.

A BUREAU of official tallies of Indian Territory have published Comptroller Knox for a charter for a National Bank, the stockholders of which declare that they were not citizens, and cannot have the privilege afforded by the National Banking act.

The annual report of the Director of the Mint shows gold received and coined during the year, 1,000,000 ounces, of silver nearly forty-nine million, the coinage of the year valued at $67,276,765. The total gold coinage was $39,000,000, of silver nearly forty-nine million, the coinage of the year valued at $67,276,765. The total gold coinage was $39,000,000, of silver $48,276,765, and of gold and silver $87,276,765, or in standard dollars. The profits on the coinage of the year were $1,271,211, and the profits for the last five years, $13,000,000. The production of gold for the current calendar year will be forty-two million and of silver forty-nine million. He estimates the circulation of coin on October 1, 1883, at $[illegible] gold, and $[illegible] silver.

The condition of the Treasury at the close of business on the 1st was as follows: Gold coin and bullion, $[illegible]; silver dollars and bullion, $[illegible]; fractional silver coin, $[illegible]; United States notes, $[illegible]; total, $[illegible]. Certificates outstanding—gold, $[illegible]; silver, $[illegible]; currency, $[illegible]. On the 5th J. Hubley Ashton was appointed official reporter of the Supreme Court of the United States, vice Judge Otto, resigned.

The Postmaster General has dismissed from the service of the Post-office Department Inspector Amos P. Foster, for suppressing false and fictitious accounts. He was stationed at Austin, Tex., and was rendering accounts for per diem services which he never performed.

Upon the Second Comptroller of the Currency, in his annual report suggestions of legislation are not wanting. This, he thinks, would effectively prohibit any claim agent or attorney from prosecuting claims, as has been done, unless they set even an attempt to ascertain whether they were meritorious.

The Treasury Department has been requested by the United States authorities to furnish further information relative to the operation of the postal saving bank system of Canada.

SECRETARY FOLGER, it is said, will recommend in his annual report the repeal of the law imposing a tax on National bank circulation, to enable the banks to pay the premium on bonds now held by them, and for such bonds to deposit to secure circulation.

The Republican National Committee has been called to meet at the Arlington Hotel, Washington, December 12.

SENATOR MILLER, of California, has written a letter to the Secretary of State at Washington complaining that by fraudulent practices of Chinese officials thousands of Chinese laborers were prevented from landed in America as teachers, students and merchants, or as those desiring to travel in the United States.

The jury in the case of Hallie Kilbourn against John G. Thompson, as Sergeant-at-Arms of the House of Representatives, for $20,000 damages for false imprisonment, on trial at Washington, on the 5th returned a verdict of $10,000 for the plaintiff. A motion for a new trial was made by the defense.

## THE EAST.

A NEW YORK policeman, while under the influence of liquor on the night of the 3d, shot an inoffensive man in the back as the latter was in bed in a shoving shanty and took to the hills in a hollow stump, where he died.

MR. JACOB LEIS, a farmer of West Milford, N. J., became frightened at the frequent raids made by burglars in that section and put his money, amounting to $[illegible], into a tin box and buried it in a hollow stump. Subsequently he found the box had been robbed of its contents, and while he was absent in Paterson, Passaic County, N. J., on the 5th, his house was burned to the ground, with all his effects, including the money he had buried, amounting to $[illegible].

A FIRE on the 5th at Port Costa, Cal., destroyed the business portion of the town and eight Central Pacific car loads of wheat. Loss, $[illegible]; insurance, $[illegible].

THE last of the Indiana gang of counterfeiters, Andrew Allen alias Osmer, and his wife, were arrested recently by detectives. Prefisner lived in an old log house in Franklin, Harrison County, Ind., which had the clinking between the logs out in one place sufficient the house, and his wife kept a lookout while he worked at the counterfeiting.

ABOUT two o'clock on the afternoon of the 5th, Independence, the town called by that name in Independence, the Pocket City, which it demolished, then passing east, blew down a two-story frame dwelling and also a one-story frame, in which a lady had her thigh broken. Further on a man, boy of Mr. Wright and a young Mr. Miss Stimpson, was taken out from under the side of a house with her neck broken, and carried about fifty feet off the walls. A man driving a wagon was blown to the ground and had his leg broken. The wagon and horses were in a western part of the town were blown down and others riddled with flying timbers. St. Mary's Catholic church was overwhelmed. The layers of Brookline and Republic, in the southwestern part of that county, suffered much. The loss in Independence will be [illegible]; two children were blown down but none were killed. In Republic seven persons lost their lives, and the injured will greatly exceed that number. The loss by estimated at between $[illegible] and $[illegible]. The path of the storm was only a few yards in width but wherever it struck the ruin was appalling.

REV. J. G. TYSON, until a few weeks since presiding elder of the Methodist Episcopal Church of Northern Arkansas, created a sensation on the 5th by marrying a colored girl named Miss Millsbey. He was divorced from his colored wife a month ago.

IT is now reported that three American prospectors have Charley McComas, the lad stolen by the Indians in Arizona, and are holding him for large ransom.

On the 5th a shock of earthquake was felt at West Cleek, Utah, and caused no damage.

MARY CRUCANON, the young lady who was supposed to have been abducted from her home in St. Louis some time since, returned to that place on the 5th. She had been in an asylum in Indianapolis, and at her request her father had detectives search all over the country for her. She gives no reason for leaving home.

THE commercial fleet of the whaling bark Louise, which have just reached San Francisco, report that they met in the Arctic Ocean by strikingly the ice. Six more are reported.

THE Board of Trade of Toledo, O., proposed September 21 in the Arctic Ocean by strikingly the ice. Six more are reported.

THE Board of Trade of Toledo, O., proposed the abolition of Wards and Circuit Courts and Courts of Survey and the substitution thereof of local marine courts to be holden in the several ports of the United States, and the cause of detention of unseaworthy ships. It is also proposed that three shipping commissioners be appointed to entertain appeals to the decisions of marine courts.

AT Birdseye, a small town in Dubois County, Ind., a man named Zering, who had eloped with a young girl, was shot dead by her father on the spot.

THE organization of anti-Mormon societies in the East is severely condemned by the Mormon press.

THE Lumber Mills of Wetzell Brothers, of Grand Rapids, Mich., have failed, with liabilities at $150,000.

THE family of W. A. Seely, a land buyer from Michigan, was found near Mitchell, D. T., on the 5th. He had over $700 on his person, had a bullet hole through his head and a revolver in his hand. He had been drinking heavily.

WILLARD CARPENTER, the wealthiest man in Evansville, Ind., and a public benefactor, died at that place on the 5th.

LEE WEBB, a former baggage master on the Northwestern Railroad, who confessed to the robbery of a package of money in an express office six months since, committed suicide at Oakland, Wis., on the 5th.

AT elevator on which were five men fell fifty feet at Minneapolis, Minn., on the 5th, fatally injuring one.

A WEALTHY resident of Milwaukee, Wis., Jacob Riff, while on his way from the terminus of the Mexican Central Railroad at Laredo to Durango, in company with his wife, recently, was robbed of $[illegible] and murdered and his wife brutally treated.

FRANK WILKES, formerly of Zanesville, O., a grandson of Commodore Wilkes, died at Washington Navy, who had been herding sheep near Pleasant Valley, Utah, was found dead on the 5th. He became lost and died of starvation and exposure. His remains were sent to Ohio.

On the 5th the executive committee of the Western Pennsylvania Conference Society of the Methodist Church, in session at Des Moines, Iowa, voted to raise $[illegible] for the establishment of the Methodist Episcopal Church in Dakota. David C. Cook presented the American Mission in India with a steam printing press, and the Rev. Dr. Reid, of Ohio, contributed $[illegible] to the mission.

AT St. Louis on the 6th the Court of Appeals rendered a decision quashing the proceedings of the Board of Police Commissioners in removing Chief of Police Campbell. The decision virtually reinstates Campbell as Chief of Police.

On the 6th Adjutant General Carlton, at Fort Fetterman, received a dispatch from General Crook confirming the surrender of the Chiricahua Indians to Lieutenant Bullis, of the Ninth Cavalry. The Indians stated that they would have come into the reservation before, but they were afraid to venture in the settlements to avoid the attempt of the Mexicans to shrivel them. Geronimo, his son Chatos and family are among the surrendered.

THE coal miners' strike at La Salle, Ill., which began July 1, has terminated, all now returning to work. The strikers had conceded that the mine owners discharge their non-union men, but this was not accorded to.

NEAR Sanford, N. C., one night recently, a negro man and wife went to church, leaving their infant child in charge of a white woman, who left the house and children asleep.

GARFIELD Post, Grand Army Republic, of Covington, Ky., on the 7th passed resolutions declaring that Harrison should be renominated, by the Republicans, for Governor.

THE Grand Central Hotel, Chicago, has sold to all Grand Army Posts for encampment and then to Sedgwick, asking that the proceedings be made.

$[illegible]. The failure has caused the suspension of smaller firms in the same line of business in Boston, and a feeling of uneasiness is manifested.

Two hotels, the Commercial and West-ern, two business blocks, a dwelling, a livery stable and thirty horses were burned at Stony Falls, Dakota, on the 7th.

In a disturbance consequent by political discussions at Wakefield, Va., on the evening of the 7th, several shots were exchanged and R. W. White, prominent politician was fatally shot.

G. L. DARLING's jewelry store at Simcoe, Ont., was burglarized on the night of the 7th and $2,000 worth of jewelry stolen.

HEIRS of Henis Kerr got a $[illegible] verdict in a Chicago court recently against that city. The land was taken for park purposes, and the suit had been in court for thirteen years.

One hundred masked men surrounded the house of John L. Martin, who had confessed to murdering his wife, at Lolling, Tenn., on the 7th, and took him to a woods and hung him to a tree.

Two Swedes named Olson and Nelson were suffocated in a well they were digging near Bismarck, Dak., on the 7th. They had cut through a vein of coal the day previous.

WHILE James Hawkins, a colored preacher of St. Louis, was eating supper on the 7th some person in female clothes shot him in the back. No clue.

BARNY CUNNINGHAM was found dead in his room at Schoolcraft, Mich., on the 7th. It is supposed he had been murdered, as he had a large hole in the side of his head.

SEVERAL cases of contagious disease have as the swell-head, have developed among the cattle at the Chicago stock yards. The first scientific examination of sick diseases in this country was made on the 7th under the direction of the United States Treasury Commission. It was decided that the disease was the result of the lodgment of microscopic plants in the teeth. When the disease extends to the eyes it nearly always proves fatal. It can be communicated to man.

A COLLISION between a passenger and freight train just outside Chicago on the 7th resulted in wrecking a number of cars, fatally injuring Baggagemen George Barry and seriously injuring several others.

## FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

A HONG KONG (China) special dispatch of the 8th states that Admiral Courbet has already commenced the attack upon Tonquin. As Canion all is tranquil. People now visit the city without fear. Missionaries are returning to their posts in Island.

JUN, the Apache chief, pursued by Mexican cavalry, endeavored to jump a gulch recently, missed and killed himself.

THE Duke of Castel Monte was captured by brigands recently while driving from his villa to Trapani, Sicily, and is held for ransom.

CHIEF JUSTICE COLERIDGE arrived at Liverpool from the United States on the 8th.

MOONY and Sankey are holding crowded meetings nightly at Mission Hall, Islington.

THE Spanish Government is expected over the discovery of French intrigues between politicians with a view of creating another military disturbance.

THE French Ambassador to England, Waddington, in an interview expressed his belief that the Tonquin question would be the cause of extended negotiations between France and China, but would not cause a rupture.

CHIEF JUSTICE COLERIDGE, since his return to England has had a conference with leading members of the English bar in regard to the admission of foreign lawyers to practice in English courts.

THREE hundred cattle were burned to death at the destruction by fire of Walker's distillery sheds in Walkerville, Ont., opposite Detroit, recently.

THE revolt in Servia is spreading. Four radical leaders have been arrested at Belgrade.

BRITISH imports for October increased, compared with October of last year, $6,410,000. The exports for October of this year increased, compared with October of last year, $1,826,000.

AN explosion occurred in a coal mine in which 110 miners were at work at Lens, Pas-de-Calais, on the 7th. Sixty-three were killed and many injured.

THE English Government offers a reward for John Mullaly, convicted of treason in Dublin in 1867, sentenced to penal servitude for life and who has since escaped. Mullaly was born in Ohio of Irish parents and served in the Confederate Army.

## LATER NEWS.

TWELVE members of a thoroughly organized gang of shoplifters were arrested at Chicago on the 8th. It is stated that the population of the town, twenty-five thousand, has been robbed by "Mother Wise," amount to $[illegible] to $[illegible]. Over $[illegible] worth of stolen goods were recovered.

The latest account of the cyclone at Springfield, Mo., recently states that four persons have died from injuries received, making eleven in all.

A GANG of expert thieves are working in the vicinity of Pittsburgh, Pa. On the 8th a safe in the store of Samuel Schultz, a few miles from that city, was blasted open and the contents, including a check for $[illegible] and $[illegible] taken from it. Three months ago $[illegible] was taken from there and $[illegible] worth of clothing recently stolen recovered.

HENRY CLAY, a farmer living ten miles west of Kansas City, killed his wife, twenty-year-old daughter and himself on the 8th. His daughter was found with her throat cut and the lifeless bodies on the floor of their father's house.

THE roof, inside walls, and iron and stone cornices of the new Capitol in course or erection at Madison, Wis., fell on the 8th, setting fire once and injuring three men.

ANNA BRADLEY, a domestic, was tossed to death while kindling a fire with coal oil at Indianapolis on the 8th.

STANFORD, an American confidence operator now in Paris, is claimed by the Chicago Government for forgeries in Ireland. A New York jeweler was swindled out of $[illegible] by Stanford.

HOLLINGER'S store at Lincoln, Pa., was robbed by burglars on the 8th, and a posse of men followed the thieves to Mount Moriah, where a fight took place, in which one of the thieves was captured, badly wounded and one of the posse was fatally shot.

A MOVEMENT is on foot in Washington to convert the city of Rock Creek, in the District of Columbia, into a grand park. The plan proposes a dam making a lake of about 1,500 acres, which would be the finest in the country.

MRS. DUNNIGE, of Louisville, Coff, the former wife of Colonel Dunnige, has written District Attorney Corkhill, making inquiry

### The First Canal-Boat.

The first canal-boat west of the Allegheny was built at the town of Freeport, Armstrong County, Pa., by Jacob Ayello, seven miles above Leechburg, Pa. It was the first boat launched on the Western division of the Pennsylvania Canal, and was named after General Abner Lawcock, one of the first Canal Commissioners. The Lawcock was a passenger packet, finished and furnished in the style of the Western river steamboats of those days, and made a number of trips back and forth between Warren and Leechburg on the Leechburg pool before the water was let into the canal at Leechburg. The Lawcock's first Captain was Benjamin E. Betts, and her first helmsman was your humble correspondent. When the water was let into the canal from the Leechburg pool, which pool fed the canal to Pittsburgh, a distance of thirty-five miles, the Lawcock was the first boat that essayed to pass the rubicon. It was a gala day on which the arrival at Freeport, the first town below Leechburg on the line of the canal. Her advent had been heralded far and near, and matrons and sire, lass and lad, flocked into town to see the sight, the like of which they might never see again. On the arrival of the boat at Freeport the town was found in full holiday dress. Flags were waving and drums were beating in honor of the occasion. A great dinner was given and eloquent speeches were made. At night the town was illuminated and a great ball was given at the principal hotel. The laying of the Atlantic cable and the driving of the golden spikes on the Pacific railroads were matters of much less public interest in their day than the arrival of a canal-boat in a small village at that day, and I question much whether the importance in point of public interest or public convenience was any greater in the latter than in the former. Owing to the sand and leaks in the new-made canal the Lawcock was several weeks in making her trip to Pittsburgh. On her arrival at Pittsburgh and all the towns on the way there were great ovations and rejoicings, the people all along the line of the canal feeling as if a new era was dawning upon them.—*Cor. Philadelphia Times.*

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Freebrick Koehler, of Wheeling, W. Va., married a rich widow, got possession of her money and then eloped with a pretty servant girl. The old lady followed them to Cincinnati and secured her money, but refused to recognize Koehler.—*Chicago Herald.*

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**Happy Once More.**

DR. LOUIS, M.A. *Chronicle* reporter was told by Mr. Alfred J. Pajeh, of this city, that his nephew had the most distressing form of inflammatory rheumatism, which baffled all kinds of treatment, until St. Jacobs Oil, the great pain conqueror, was used, when it cured in one week, and he recommends it as the greatest cure for pains in the world.

---

A YOUNG man named Darling lives in Boston, and whenever he walks down the street every young lady within three blocks blushes and looks around, gently saying: "Sh, sh."—*Chicago Herald.*

---

**Look Well to the Name.**

The only genuine German Hop Bitters have the word "Boschee" on every bottle.

---

THEY live once are as stingy that they will not chase a kiss with a pretty girl.—*Boston Transcrip.*

---

SWIFT'S Specific (S. S. S.) has cured me of a long-standing case of Eczema, which has resisted all sorts of treatment.
REV. W. J. ROBERTS,
N. Ga. Conference.

---

"IN money matters," said a miserly old fellow, "treat strangers as though they were your relatives."

---

PURE strengthening tonic, free from whiskey, cures dyspepsia and clears the system. Hop Bitters never fail.

---

WHO says it is unhealthy to sleep in feathers? Let the spring chickens, and see how tough he is.—*Exchange.*

---

SHENOTOAH, Wis.—Dr. S. B. Myers says: "I recommend Brown's Iron Bitters for general debility, loss of appetite and want of strength."

---

GREEK, when an eligible youth pops the question, never say: "I should blush to twitter." Always answer: "I speak to speculate."—*Detroit Post.*

---

WANLEY, Ga.—Dr. E. L. Battle, Jr., says: "Brown's Iron Bitters are very popular in this section and give satisfactory results."

---

SPEAKING of visiting, did it ever occur to you that the "calls" of the spring chickens, and the "calls" of one, day than other ladies do in a month?

---

"Rough on Rats." Clears out rats, mice, roaches, bed-bugs, ants, vermin. 15c.

---

To CURE sore throat, gargle with Piso's Cure for Consumption. 25 cents.

---

"Mother Swan's Worth Syrup" for feverishness, constipation, worms. Tasteless.

---

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES for Coughs and Colds: "The only article which has done me good."—Rev. I. Parkhurst, Boston.

---

*Rev. H. Orsig, Ottsville, N. Y.*

---

"Bucho-paiba." Complete cure, all saying Kidney Diseases, Irritation, 75c.

---

Use St. Patrick's Salve, and turn its great value to your advantage.

---

WOULD not be without Redding's Russia Salve, if there did not at all be one left. Price 25c.

---

PROVERBS (looking at his wife): "As we have a few minutes left before the train, I will ask you a question that any one may wish to ask. Student: "What time is it, Mr. Proverbs?"

---

A SERDY individual who applied for clerk at a house in town a few days ago, said he had a "strike of the arm of the politicians." The lady of the house looked at his pipe and asked if he was a Scotchman, which was not synonymous terms. Then she tied loose the dog, and as the man left the house his language sounded like an Irish crupt.—*Norristown Herald.*

---

A YOUNG lady who was being stared at by some assertively brave a well over the mean.—*Philadelphia Call.*

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THE end of the world—The letter "d."—*N. Y. Mail.*

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A German accosted a broad-brimmed specimen from Texas on Wisconsin street Sunday: "Who you be? I don't know you? Looking the institutes German in the face he replied: "I am a cow-boy." Extending his hand the German cried: "Shake, I vo a lady boy, too." They shook.—*Philadelphia Bulletin.*

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Boom on the arm—A boy's freckles.—*Louisville Courier-Journal.*

---

The dog has quite taste in matters of dress. He wears his pants in his stockings. Tremble, and look out, you young man, that he doesn't wear your pants in his stockings some evening.—*Louisville Courier-Journal.*


CONSUMPTION.

Important to the Public as well as the Medical Profession.

*Hall's Journal of Health*, referring to Consumption, makes the following important statement:

Consumption usually begins with a slight, dry cough, the symptoms then proceeding to hoarseness, tickling in the throat, with more and more dryness, frequent cough, difficult expectoration, shortness of breath, and quickness of pulse. The disease is insidious, and may extend two years; hence the importance of arresting the disease at the first stage as possible, and the sooner rational means are employed for this purpose the better the chance of success. The disease is owing to an irritation commencing at the lungs and extending to the parts, and that they action is interfered with, and the blood does not receive sufficient oxygen to purify it. The most marked signs of lung disease is emaciation; and the most positive indication of returning health is increase in weight."

So speaks *Hall's Journal of Health*, and we may add that in desperate cases, and, in fact, in all cases of Consumption, or troubles of the throat and lungs, immediate relief may be obtained and a permanent cure effected by the use of Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam for the Lungs, a medicine now recognized for over 40 years as an unfailing remedy for coughs, colds, bronchitis and throat and lung troubles, and which, in the worst cases of Consumption have been curses to the sufferer, and to the friends and relatives of the thousands who have used it, or have been cognizant of its wonderful curative powers.

---

The first doctor of divinity is said to have been "O. Ridle, D. D."

---

**Walker Lead Hair Restorer**

Is entirely different from all others. It is as clear as water, and as its name indicates a perfect Vegetable Hair Restorer. It will immediately free the head from dandruff, restore gray hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has fallen off. It does not in any manner affect the health, which Sulphur, Sugar of Lead and Nitrate of Silver preparations have done. It will change light or faded hair in a few days to a beautiful glossy brown. And great druggist for it. Each bottle is warranted. Depots, Wright, Cincinnati, Ohio, and C. N. Crittenton, New York.

---

WHEN a giraffe wants to drink, he knows what a long fall want it is.—*N. O. Picayune.*

---

I HAVE been a severe sufferer from Catarrh for the past fifteen years, with distressing pain over my eyes. Gradually the disease worked down upon my lungs, and for over a half ago I commenced using Ely's Cream Balm, with most gratifying results. I am to-day apparently free from the disease.
E. C. WALKER, Rutland, Vt.

---

A VIRGINIA thief escaped from jail by crawling through a stove-pipe. Wonder if he was looked for that method of escape.—*Williamsport Grit.*

---

**Beautiful Women**

are made patent and unattractive by functional irregularities, which Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription" will speedily cure. Thousands of testimonials. By druggists.

---

Tell me the left side—in fact, never lie at all.—*N. Y. Independent.*

---

**A Sweet Man**

is one who does his work quickly and well. Dr. R. V. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" does as a thoroughly good job in curing all diseases of the liver, purifies the blood, and is the best specific for that most fearful of all afflictions, which is scrofulous disease of the lungs.

---

THOUGH the East River bridge is without a rival, it has many a peer.—*N. Y. Graphic.*

---

Two dozen small bottles of Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) cured me sound and well of a bad Scrofulous affection which had lasted 15 years, including Hot Springs.
J. H. BAIFF, Denver, Col.

---

WOULD a free against tight lacing be tainted to the freedom of contracts?—*Boston Star.*

---

**Toothful**

indulgence in pernicious practices is a most startling cause of nervous and general debility, lack of energy and will power, impaired memory, despondency and other miseries too numerous to mention. Sufferers should address, with three letter postage stamp, for large illustrated treatise, containing out unfailing means of perfect cure, Woman's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

---

BOYS up yet?—*Chicago Times.* Think you! we don't get stove up.—*Oil City Derrick.*

---

Wells' "Rough on Corns." 15c. Ask for it.

---

Complete, permanent cure. Corns, bunions.

---

**Blood Poisoning.**—As an Alterative Discovery, Hop Bitters are unfailing and may die from this fatal complaint. Diseases of the kidneys and liver are the principal causes. As a cure, we can only recommend German Hop Bitters.—*Journal of Health.*

---

Fainting fits. "Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures Dyspepsia.

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"I'M quite the style, you know, to use N. K. Brown's Ess. Jamaica Ginger.

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Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Sprains, Bruises, Soreness, Stiffness, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, Toothache, Headache, Sore Throat, Diphtheria, Swellings, Bites and Stings of Insects, Cuts, Bruises, Etc.

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Ely's Cream Balm is a specific for Catarrh. Price 50 cents by mail or at druggists. Ely Brothers, Druggists, Owego, N. Y.

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AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE to sell Hog Medicine. Big Profits. Sample free. Address, Hog Medicine Co., Chicago, Ill.

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Kidney & Liver Medicines,
BLOOD PURIFIERS,
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Dyspepsia And Indigestion Cures,
Ague, Fever, And Bilious Specifics,
Brain & Nerve Force Revivers,
Great Health Restorers,
IN SHORT, TAKE ALL THE BEST qualities of all these, and the best qualities of all the best Medicines of the World, and you will find that HOP BITTERS have the best curative qualities and powers of all concentrated in them, and that they cost less than any or all of these, singly or combined, and a thorough trial will give positive proof of this.

Healthy People Sometimes Laugh

At the sufferings of dyspeptics, and say that their pains and distresses are imaginary. This is not manly nor generous, nor is it just. A person who has a crooked foot, or a wounded hand, or a sightless eye, calls forth sympathy by the exhibition of the defective member. If the dyspeptics sufferer's stomach could be placed on exhibition, the cause of his distress would be apparent.

The man with a troublesome stomach often suffers quite as much as the man with a broken leg, but is far less likely to receive sympathy.

Sympathy is good for sufferers, as far as it goes. But *Brown's Iron Bitters* is better, for it strikes at the root of these troubles, and cures dyspepsia. Disappointed dyspeptics, weary of having tried many experiments in seeking cure, will do well to make one fair trial of *Brown's Iron Bitters*, and report the result. That this well-tried family medicine will thus diminish the quantity of human suffering is an established fact. 10

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I have been using your Compound Oxygen with the greatest satisfaction. I have found it a most valuable remedy for Dyspepsia, Nervous Prostration, Sick Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Kidney Disease, Female Weakness, and other attendants of a feeble state of the system. Yours truly, JOHN GOODMAN, M.D., Cincinnati, Ohio.

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Cures Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Kidney Diseases, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Paralysis, Sleeplessness, Nervous Headache, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia, Female Weakness, Impotency, Premature Decay, Wasting Weakness, Lost Vitality, Nervous Prostration, Nervous Tremor, Sexual Exhaustion, Spermatorrhœa, Impotence, Sexual Debility, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, Wasting Diseases, Dizziness, Convulsions

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LET YOUR WANTS BE KNOWN.

If you want a situation,
If you want a clerk,
If you want to buy a house,
If you want to sell a farm,
If you want to rent a room,
If you want to hire a servant,
If you want to sell a horse,
If you want to buy a wagon,
Advertise in THE GAZETTE.


## LOCAL GOSSIP.

WANTED—20 BOYS—To sell the GAZETTE. Call at this office for particulars.

The Gazette is as pure as the fountain from which flows the water from Mt. Vernon Springs, and as free from poisonous ingredients as the water is free from mineral poison and impurity. It doesn't deserve the name of a "family paper" if it doesn't. Subscribe for it, take it home, read it, and see if it isn't the best family paper you ever read. Only two dollars and fifty cents per year in advance.

Our Local Reporter in search of items for the new enlarged GAZETTE.

Don't borrow!
Which?
The GAZETTE.
Why?
You are able to buy.
Read our "ads."

Miss Ella Johnson is still visiting her sister, Mrs. Wm. Findley, No. 226 Barrow Street, Jersey City.

The Garfield Guards gave an entertainment last Friday evening at Hudson High.

H. C. Smith visited Columbus, Cincinnati and Louisville the past week.

J. Harvey Jackson, the GAZETTE's secretary, left for Chicago and Kansas City last Saturday.

Mr. Thomas Smith, who has been ill for some time, was able to be on High Street, is slowly convalescing.

**Now is the time to work for the GAZETTE.**

Patronize our advertisers. They are the best and most reliable in their line.

John F. Lightfoot says the Cleveland boys in Chicago—Ralph Dexter, Henry Gold, Sidney Johnson, George Lowrier, Thos. Grayson, Tob. Green and others—are all looking well and doing splendidly.

**All persons owing the GAZETTE are hereby requested to settle.**

Messrs. J. F. Lightfoot, President of the Ohio Senate, and Jas. Rose, Clerk of Secretary, are under many obligations to Mr. Clark, of the Chicago Conservator, and Mr. Lapham, of the Chicago representative there, for the kindness and many courtesies shown them during their stay in Chicago. We hope to see them in Cleveland soon. Come and see us and bring the Judge with you.

Mrs. William Alston, of this city, after visiting in Chicago a month, left for St. Paul, Minn., to visit her brother, Cleveland Bell.

**The more subscribers you get the better we can make our paper.**

Andrew Williams wins a match game of billiards in Chicago on the 20th, with either Mr. Harper, of New York, or Mr. Bridgewater, of St. Louis, the winner to be taken in a series of games in the Windy City on a short time ago.

Hubbard Milton shot and killed Annie Posey in Pittsburgh, the past week.

William Morris, a prominent young colored man of this city, is in a temporary state of insanity, and almost fatally wounded himself last Saturday night.

**Remember, every one who sends in a stick of ten or more subscribers for the GAZETTE will receive a copy free for one year.**

Mr. Fowler has returned from his visit to Wheeling and Philadelphia, bringing with him his sister.

Mr. and Mrs. Harper, of Ubico, N. Y., are visiting their relative, Miss Mary Brown, of Clinton Street.

See the grand presents the S C's are giving away.

The Widow of Mr. Mary Cox, of Chagrin, one of Ohio's colored pioneers, departed to be graved to hear of her husband's death. Mr. Cox died in Adrian, Mich., during the summer for her health, but recovered so little that her father went for her and suddenly died there. Since coming home she has failed to realize that hopes of her recovery are slim. Her father, Mr. Jackson, of this city, was notified of her severe illness, and her cousin, Mary E. Gordon, left for Chagrin Falls on Monday.

See the grand presents the S C's are giving away.

The reunion, exhibition and social at Mr. Jones's Chorus Wednesday evening was quite a success. Exercises were rendered by the Day Nursery, Mr. Jones's Chorus, Mr. Clark and others. Music was furnished by Adams and the Indian boys passed largely.

The N's are out in force, comparing all opposition. Comparisons are to try to stop the disturbance of the peace. Between Lee and Lee and Rones and Hanson, but they cannot do it.

Mr. George White returned from his honeymoon to Cleveland Wednesday and expects to remain all winter.

The Young Men's Social Club gave their first ball of the season at Hall's, on the 17th of December 20.

Light of the West Lodge No. 46 will entertain their friends on Christmas night. Dancing will be held in Masonic Hall. Prof. R. G. Freeman's Orchestra will be in attendance.

**The More the Merrier.**

Dancing commences at 9 o'clock, the famous S C's, who have kept high prices and shinny goods in the city, and they should stay by them in order to be.

Mr. Shadrach Bond, who has "so to speak, in Chicago," Henry Ward, will be in the same field. Everybody knows Bond. We advise our friends, and we know whereof we speak, to patronize Bond. Bond is a good fellow, and a good tailor.

Alfred Jones's wife died at her residence on Cross street. He lost a pocket book containing $22. This is about as sad a misfortune as a person can have at this time of the year.

Class No. 4, Mr. J. H. Edwards, will entertain the many friends of St. John's Church with a music marriage November 29, 1883, Thanksgiving evening, in the church parlors.

Never such crowds seen as visit the S C's at present.

Mr. John Bush, Sr., intends to undertake a journey to the wonderful fountains of Bohemia. If all our musicians and singers were so persuading, Mr. Bush thinks they would have been given long ago. We hope success will crown his efforts.

**All Should Go**

to the S C's while the war rages and get the biggest bargains in winter suits and overcoats ever seen. Also tickets for a house and lot and horse and harness free.

Mr. Stephen Freeman, the GAZETTE's Falmouth representative, was in the city last week. Come again.

Sam Moore has received an interest in the Union Club again.

Clayton Jackson is to arrive from Kansas City to-day.

**Excelsior Lodge No. 11** will give a grand entertainment soon, of which due notice will be given. All who delight in tripping the light fantastic toe will scan the Cleveland GAZETTE carefully for particulars.

### Jones—Short.

The marriage of Mr. Felix Jones to Miss Eliza Short took place at the residence of the bride's sister, Mrs. McPherson, on Hayes Street, Tuesday, the 6th, at three o'clock, Rev. J. W. Gassway, of St. John's A. M. E. Church, officiating. But a very few of the bride's most intimate friends were in attendance, the wedding being a very quiet, but none the less happy affair. Mr. and Mrs. Jones left for Willoughby, O., their future home, at 11 o'clock a. m. Wednesday morning. The presents were many, valuable and serviceable, considering the few cards out.

We append the list of presents: From Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Stevens, marble-top table, hand-painted plaque and vase; Mrs. S. E. Stevens, spread and dish-towels; Mrs. Vanderpool, handkerchief; Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Kelly, blankets; Mr. and Mrs. William Patterson, willow rocker and bridal Lovers; Mr. and Mrs. John White, cut-glass water set; Miss Mamie Kelly, silver butter dish; Mr. and Mrs. J. Smith, silver cheese dish and napkin rings; Miss Hettie Green, pseudonym set; Mr. C. S. Wright, silver pickle castor; Mr. and Mrs. McPherson, dish towels; Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Kelly, Aggie and Wilhelmina Patterson, silver cake basket; Mrs. A. West, two sets of silver napkin rings; Mr. and Mrs. J. Cook, set of towels; Mr. H. S. Stevens, one dozen jars of fruit; Mr. Tommy Short, alligator traveling bag; Mr. Edward Short, fruit spread; Miss Minnie Nelson, the Lord's Prayer, elegantly worked.

**East End Items.**

Miss Emma Foote, of Youngstown, visited her parents on Madison Avenue the past week.

**We are sorry to say that Mr. Samuel Lyle is still in critical condition.**

Mr. Ellsworth Mullen left for Louisiana, Pa., the past week.

Mrs. Hattie Brooks, of Hudson, was in the city the past week visiting friends.

Mr. Richard Blue, who has been employed at the Crucible Steel Works for some time, has been promoted and accepted the position as general manager over the molding department. Mr. Blue appointed Mr. George Fields his assistant. We wish you success.

W. P.

**Obituary.**

Mr. Samuel Lyle, a promising young man of the East End, after a short period of sickness, died on Wednesday, on Frank street, Wednesday evening, at five o'clock. Mr. Lyle has been employed in the Cleveland Rubber Company for five years and was well thought of by all who knew him. Mr. Lyle leaves a wife and children with us in two years. The funeral takes place at his residence on Frank street, Sunday, November 11, at two o'clock.

### RAILROAD ITEMS.

WM. H. PRESSLEY, Editor.

Mr. Wm. Keeland, who runs between Buffalo and Toledo, on the 20th, suddenly called from his post to the 6th on account of the death of his father-in-law, Mr. James Kirby, which occured at Toledo.

Sleeping Car "Tioga" was left at Erie last Sunday morning and passed on to Buffalo on the train of "Comodo."

Mr. Richardson was the unfortunate loser.

Mr. A. Jordan's countenance reflected upon us Thursday evening while we stood in the N. Y. C. depot at Buffalo, and we felt sorry for him. Jordan was reported the day before as being a sleeper from New York to Boston about three weeks ago.

Much is said about wind and snow storms by Love and Weaver the great prognosticators of the weather. Love quoted in some good prophet to bring in an appearance to avoid wind and snow storms in Buffalo.

Last Thursday the drawing-room car "Modoc," on train No. 8, while going down Cross gulch, Pa., left the platform behind, and a wooden plank knocked out. Passengers were badly frightened, but escaped with no injury to themselves. The train was delayed two hours, and a wooden plank was put in its place at Erie at 4:20 Monday morning the car boarded by the S. C. Inspector. No one was injured.

Signs on much doors instructing passengers to keep off of the platform while the train is in motion do not appear to have any effect. The best thing one is a nail log with "dynamite" painted in large red letters on the head and set up the platform while the train is in motion, and then you will see how many passengers go near it.

Erie, Pa., was visited last week by a young white lady, who left Toledo, Ohio, for the purpose of visiting her married sister, who is also an inhabitant of Erie.

### MASONIC DEPARTMENT.

[Jere A. Brown, Grand Secretary of the Grand Lodge, of Ohio, Editor.]

*We cordially solicit news of any and all description from the Lodges, Chapters, Commanderies, and other Masonic organizations, not only of this State, but from other Jurisdictions as well. Questions pertaining to Masonic Jurisprudence and the order in general will be answered according to the best authorities and the practice of this Jurisdiction.*

The questions submitted from Springfield, Ohio, having been received too late for this issue, will be answered next week.

Perhaps among the many Masonic symbols there is none more prominent or significant than the Beehive. It is made applicable to our lodges by being so comprehensive and easily recognized by all those connected with the Fraternity, be he a simple workman or a wise master. Let us apply it and its occupants to the lodges as they should exist, as it is the design of the symbol. A lodge should be a hive of busy, industrious workmen, gathering and storing up for general use material for general use; not for individual benefits, but for the whole body; not working at random or without harmony, but with well defined laws and under the supervision and direction of a Master Builder; the elimination from the workmen of the drones, that they may not suffer by the presence and sustenance of superious laborers, who are sure to gain admittance into the best regulated hive, then, when through diligent labor the workmen become too numerous, the swarming naturally comes, when a new hive is started, where the same industrious activity continues. Another application is made to the different Grand Lodges, where we find the industrious laborers reporting voluminous reports, not for their own edification but for the benefit of the whole; watching and working that the laws may be kept whole and noting any defects that may arise and impair their workings. Many more applications of this instructive symbol could be made, but we forbear and leave them to the imaginations of the brethren, hoping that each workman will apply the test to himself and ascertain whether he has dwindled to a drone or not.

Question—When an Entered Apprentice or Fellow Craft receives a dispensation from the Grand Lodge under which he received the degree, should the dispensation be read to the Lodge, and in what manner does it become the act of the Lodge, be not having a vote?

Answer—If there are no charges pending against the brother in the Lodge where he received the degrees, and he makes application to the proper officers (W. M. or Secretary) of that lodge, it is their duty to issue a certificate certifying that such degrees have been lawfully conferred with the impress of the seal of the lodge attached. They should also incorporate a waiver of jurisdiction.

Q.—Can a lodge require a brother, who has been suspended for non-payment of dues, to pay dues during the period of his suspension?

A.—The Grand Lodge for the State of Ohio at the annual communication held in Dayton, O., August 9th, 1876, amended Section 55, Code of Jurisprudence, by striking out the word "not" before chargable for dues during suspension, which has never been changed and is in force. While the resolution declares the rights of the lodge to collect dues during suspension, we are inclined to think that it was the intention to leave the matter to the discretion of the lodge. That this is an injustice, for more reasons than we care now to enumerate, is clearly apparent to all.

Q.—Has a lodge the right to charge a fee for granting a dimit?

A.—No. The code by which the lodge grants the dimit is itself the dimit, and the document that is usually issued to the brother is only the certified evidence of the action of the lodge in the premises, and no fee should be charged for it.

Q.—If a candidate has been declared elected after a clear ballot, and when he presents himself for initiation a member rises and says objection, can he motive be discussed as to whether they are real or personal?

A.—There should be no hesitancy on the part of the W. M. to stop discussion on such a matter, should it arise. If the brother making the objections keeps his reasons to himself for so doing, they will be taken on his veracity; his conscience alone is the only Judge to whom he is amenable.

Sir Winston H. Killby has received from M. E. G. C. Alex. Morris, the appointment of Grand Guard of the Grand Commandery for the State of Ohio. We congratulate the Sir Knight in the preference shown, knowing that he is a well chosen selection.

### ODD-FELLOWS' DEPARTMENT.

JAMES E. SUTTON, Editor.

Let us weigh well and truly our conduct and our actions and suffer the balance to be a just one. The spirit of justice will not permit us to impose false balances, if we have erred; therefore, we must not screen ourselves that repent, nor should we screen our delinquents however much our sympathy may be excited in their behalf. He is merciful who enforces justice on the evil-doer, for it is for the general good. Better that one suffer than many. If you are, or shall become blessed with abundance, be thankful not in words merely, but in deeds. Put your money where it would be happy, give of your abundance to the cause of benevolence, and you will aid in carrying out the designs of this noble fraternity.

Brother John L. Glover has the sympathy of the brethren in the loss of his wife, who died last week.

Brother William Sadler has recovered from his illness and is able to be out.

Brother B. Jones, of Ohio Lodge, leaves next week for his home in Virginia to spend the winter. We wish the brother a pleasant visit and a safe return.

Prospects are bright for the Ruth Degree being conferred upon some of the young ladies in Ohio Lodge, as several of our young brothers have signified their intention of getting married.

### ALLEGHENY.

Florence Rebecca Neal, daughter of the late Professor S. A. Neal, died very suddenly on Saturday morning, November 3, at 10 o'clock, of apoplexy. She was beloved by all who knew her for her many laudable accomplishments. She was well educated, and possessed many fine qualities, and was a graduate of Oberlin College. After graduating she succeeded in getting a school in the South, but owing to the climate not agreeing with her health she returned and took a school in Edwardsville, Ill., at which place she remained until vaccition. She then returned home. At times she would complain of not feeling well, but her death was not expected. On Friday previous to her death she was in the filing room conversing with the family in as cheerful and pleasantly and returned to her room as usual on Friday evening and apparently rested well during the night. On Saturday morning, as she arose to arrange her toilet for breakfast, and was heard by her sister as she fell to the floor. Her sister rushed into her room and found her lying on the floor. She picked her up and placed her upon the bed, and before all the family could get to the room she was dead. She never spoke a word after falling to the floor, but closed her eyes and breathed her last.

The grand union meeting of the lodges of Allegheny County met as previously arranged on Wednesday evening. The table was loaded with many good things, and speeches were made by many of the members of the order. A general good social feeling was manifested among the brethren. It is the intention that these meetings shall take place quarterly from lodge to lodge. B. F. G.

### Wheeling, W. Va.

Now is the time to subscribe for the GAZETTE. Remember that you have a great question at stake and it is the duty of every true-hearted man and woman to manifest an interest in this important question. The newspaper is the educator of to-day, and if we neglect to keep ourselves well informed and posted upon matters of interest, we shall never be able to comprehend such questions as relate to our personal welfare. We should read the newspapers not merely for pastime, but to gain information such as is essential to our classes. Considering the advancement of our race, and the many difficulties over which we have been successful, we should continue to improve intellectually, physically and morally. To do this we must be constant readers, in order that our people may have a knowledge of all that is good and refined. We have a number of newspapers edited and owned by men of our race, and we should give them our hearty support (particularly the GAZETTE) in trying to represent our people, as citizens of the United States worthy of representation. Twenty years ago it would have been something very strange to read a newspaper edited by a colored man; it would not have been only strange, but wonderful. But things have undergone a great change since then. We can have all these advantages now, and why not make our appreciation of this fact known by subscribing at once for the GAZETTE. Call at 61 Eleventh Street. Geo. W. Brunswick, Agent.

Mr. William Jones, Jr., and your correspondent are organizing a society for the purpose of holding entertainments concerts, balls, festivals and exhibitions. The object, as set forth in the constitution, is to give such entertainments as will be amusing, also to give literary entertainments, such as addresses, essays, declamations, and do all things necessary and essential toward preparing to the citizens of Wheeling and vicinity a place where they can spend an evening of pleasure unmolested or disturbed. The GAZETTE wishes the organization success.

Messrs. Clem Moore, W. McCullough and Master James Baldwin are preparing to give a series of vocal concerts this winter. These gentlemen are first-class vocalists, and will present to the public something worth their money.

The proposed meeting of colored citizens in view of the Civil Rights bill, is agitating the minds of a large number of our white brethren. It is something that they don't understand. The colored men are awake at last, and they are very slow to make hay whilst the sun shines.

Mrs. Kate Dotmyer is very sick at her residence, 1314 Chapiain Street. We hope she will recover soon to the joy and comfort of her many friends.

Messrs. Watkins and Thornily have accepted positions in the Smoky City. Boys, you must not get too far gone, you are plentiful, but wives are few.

Mr. Robert Jasper met with quite a misfortune Sunday morning. He attended morning services at Wayman Chapel, and after preaching went up to the table to put in some money for collection. Having sixteen dollars left after contributing to the collection, he placed it carelessly in his coat pocket, while looking for his money for which church was out, he found to his astonishment that he had lost it. We hope he will be more careful hereafter.

Is it really true that Miss L. B. is going to get married? Don't you see how sad D. F. looks?

Rev. Asbury preached an able sermon Sunday evening at Wayman Chapel. Rev. Asbury is the right man in the right place.

J. E. Smith, formerly connected with Cooper's Serenaders, passed through our city Thursday, *en route* to Boston, Mass.

Sunday was a lovely day. At an early hour in the morning your correspondent visited the Cathedral. Once there my attention was attracted by many little performances in which the majority of the congregation were interested. Remaining there for a short time, we then visited the Young Men's Christian Association. Here we found about twenty young persons busily engaged teaching a class of small boys. After the exercises were over and all had become quiet, Mr. Summers, an old friend of the writer, came forward and talked the time away quite pleasantly, recalling the days of our boyhood. If ever Mr. Summers should visit the Smoky City your correspondent will try to the best of his ability to make the visit a pleasant one.

### Sewickley.

The laying of the corner stone of the A. M. E. Zion Church was postponed until Sunday, November 11. Elder Fleming expects the following ministers to be present: Revs. J. Henry, of Erie, Pa.; John Holliday, of Pittsburgh; J. B. Bittinger, D. D., Sleppy and others.

Mr. Frank Curtis is agent for the "Life and Times of Frederick Douglass."

Mr. Thomas Abercrombie, who keeps the home furnishing store, is selling out at auction. The proprietor of the St. Ives Hotel is buying very extensively.

Mrs. Alice Grice, who has been quite ill for some time, is improving.

Mrs. William C. Parker is visiting friends in East Liverpool, Ohio.

Persons wishing to subscribe for or purchase the GAZETTE can do so from H. J. Edwards. STET.

### TOLEDO LETTER.

**Deaths—Wonderful—Aldridge Literary—Personals.**

Miss Ella Hightower died last week Friday. Her funeral took place from the residence of her parents last Sunday afternoon at two o'clock, Rev. J. Young officiating.

Mr. James Kurby died Monday morning at eight o'clock. Mr. Kurby was his eighteen year and was an old and highly esteemed member of the Baptist Church. His funeral took place from the Third Baptist Church, Tuesday at three p. m., Elder Johnson and Rev. Viney officiating.

Miss Mary Tate died last Tuesday morning. She was a noble Christian and a member of the A. M. E. Church. The parents and relatives of the deceased have our heartfelt sympathy in their bereavement. The funeral took place Wednesday, the Rev. J. M. Ross, formerly of Cleveland, officiating.

Mr. Triple', who has been an invalid for a year or more, died last Wednesday morning at three o'clock, and was buried from the Third Baptist Church yesterday afternoon.

We have just been notified of the death of Mr. Hunter, which occurred last Wednesday afternoon, from a paralytic stroke.

It seems as though the grim monster death is stalking in our midst and cutting down with almost careless hand the young and the old, tearing from us our dearest and warmest friends and relatives.

Aldridge Literary Society was well attended on last Tuesday evening, the programme well carried out and the society promises to be one of great interest both socially and intellectually. Some of our most talented young ladies and gentlemen are on the programme next week. Among the number is Mr. Charlie Ferguson, who will give a speech on the Civil Rights bill.

Miss Mamie Taylor, of Sandusky, is spending a very pleasant visit in our city, the guest of Mrs. Scott, on Autumn Street. She will leave for her home Thursday.

### CINCINNATI LETTER.

**The Queen City—Personals—Concert.**

We have not told you of Mount Adams, with her marvel of architectural beauty, Highland House, her Eden Park, a visit to which will throw one into raptures. If the description given you of the Garden of Eden be true, then surely is our park symbolical of its name. On this hill also is Avondale, one of the suburbs, which is noted for its magnificent residences and its broad and spacious avenues.

The next in prominence is Mount Auburn, upon which is situated the Lookout House, or Observatory, and the Zoological Gardens. The latter is a place of a pleasant ride of about twenty minutes, and will command the especial attention of one for hours. Here are collected all the animals, fowls and reptiles of the earth. They have all been brought in pairs, from the wily fox to the sacred ibis.

Then comes Mount Lookout, with her Bellevue House, Price's Hill, with her large and beautiful picnic grounds, and Mount Hills, with their magnificent shady groves. These hill-tops are all reached by inclined planes which in themselves are novelties.

The editor of the GAZETTE, in company with Al. Muse, visited our city last week and left the GAZETTE's headquarters here.

Miss Mary Gray will, it is rumored, sing a new song from the author of "Bite Me, Bright Eyes," at the coming concert.

Taylor has dropped the straw hat.

It is rumored that Professor Anderson thinks a great deal of Columbus ladies and is to visit—not Columbus, but Parkersburg, next Monday.

Miss Lizzie Livesay sings nicely and made quite a hit a short time ago singing "He True, Bright Eyes."

Ben. Hickman is a swell. Goodness gracious! what is going to happen?

There is a rumor of Miss Cora Lee Watson's returning. Not satisfied with the Stewart Concert Company.

It is rumored here that Ford Stith is to be married.

Poor Henry Forte is having a deal of trouble and trotting to do. GEORGE.

### COLUMBUS.

**An Interesting Batch of Locals From the Capital City—Rumored Marriage—Columbus Visitors to Parkersburgh, W. Va.—Stars on Your Cleveland Boys.**

It is rumored that two Cleveland gentlemen are very willing to visit Parkersburgh just at present. Ha! ha! O, my.

Subscribe for the newest paper in Ohio, the CLEVELAND GAZETTE.

Charles M. Palmer is agent for Hill's Great Dyspepsia Remedy. Hill's Great Dyspepsia Remedy. Hill's Great Dyspepsia Remedy.

The Misses Bailey, of Pittsburgh, on their return from Louisville and Indianapolis spent a few pleasant days in Columbus.

Charles Williams and Robert Allen are to visit Cleveland soon.

H. C. Smith, editor of the GAZETTE, was moving among his many Columbus friends a short time last Sunday morning.

Fred Roney is said to be the richest colored man in the Capital City.

Miss Ella Joyce and Miss Katie Porter attended the teachers' institute at Springfield.

Ask Tripp when it is to come off?

Rumor has it that Ford Stith, of Cincinnati, is engaged to a Columbus lady.

The heavy man, Robert Stewart, always has a smile for the ladies.

The gentlemen at leisure can be found any time strolling on High Street.

Miss Mattie Allen is visiting in Parkersburgh, W. Va. She sings in a concert on the 12th of November.

Cleanest engine-house in town—No. 5, colored.

Rev. James Poindexter exhorted parents last Sunday morning not to forget the religious training of their children.

Mr. Co. Ennis and bride have returned from their bridal tour, and are housekeeping on Franklin Avenue.

The Louisville & Nashville Railroad, since the decision of the Supreme Court, has remanded its colored passengers, ladies and all, to the smoking car, and denied them the privilege of eating at the lunch stations along the road.

We wonder if the good Lord has prepared a place in hell for the accommodation of the noble (?) Southerners who wish to be exclusive in this world? It would be a good idea, as the existing one is not hot enough for persons of that class.—*Bulletin.*

Thursday, November 29, has been designated by President Arthur as Thanksgiving day.


# CHAMBER FURNITURE.

We extend an invitation to-day to our friends and customers to inspect our handsome stock of

## Chamber Furniture

Our assortment of these goods was never larger than now and are constantly adding new styles and designs. Having extensive connections with manufacturers both East and West, we buy Bedroom Furniture on very narrow margins, and thus are able to defy competion in prices. Give us an early call before our stock is depleted.

**The A. S. Herenden Furniture Company**
CLEVELAND, OHIO.

## CLEVELAND STORAGE HOUSE.

FURNITURE and MERCHANDISE STORED by the Month or Year at Lowest Rates. Each piece moving goods have separate room with lock. LOADS MADE at reasonable rates on Goods in STORAGE. PROPERTY INSURED if desired. Special attention paid to PACKING and SHIPPING FURNITURE to any point desired. GOODS SOLD AT AUCTION in auction room or at private dwelling.

A. G. UNDERHILL, Proprietor.
TELEPHONE 1,061.

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AT 143 ONTARIO STREET,
The Forest City Upholstery Company—The People's Store.

This Handsome Stem-Winding Waterbury Watch
—AND—
FIFTY DOLLARS CASH!
Given to any one who will sell 50 copies of
**Life and Times of Frederick Douglass,**
Written by himself.
This is the most interesting work ever published. Startling as the pages of romance, yet every word is true. A wonderful story most graphically told and of great historical value. Every colored family in our land should have a copy of this great work.
IT SELLS AT SIGHT!
This is the Greatest Chance to Make Money Ever Offered.
Book will be sent postpaid to any address on receipt of price,
$2.50.
Call or address
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EB. SWEETS POPULAR
Boot and Shoe Store.
Custom Work a specialty.
Near the corner of Newton and Garden Sts.

E. H. CORDAY,
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Cleaning and Repairing, and also a full line of
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS
Which will be sold cheaper than at any other place in the city. All work guaranteed. Call and satisfy yourself.

J. A. D. MITCHELL,
Teacher of Guitar, Cornet, &c.
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OWL CLUB,
64 Public Square, 149 Champlain St.
(Up Stairs.)
**Billiard and Reading Parlors**
Theoretical Department in charge of a Competent Artist.
CHOICE BRANDS WINES & CIGARS.
Special attention given to Club Dinners, etc. The finest Oysters on sale here.
Respectfully, CHAS. G. STARKEY.

J. P. ABBOTT,
DEALER IN
HARDWARE,
Stoves and Tinware.
Manufacturer of Eave Trough Fasteners and the "Cold Handle" Stove Lifter.
236 Garden Street, Cleveland, O.
ROOFING, EAVE TROUGHS AND CONDUCTORS.
All work warranted.

DIVORCE NOTICE.
Joseph Jones, whose last known place of residence was Hot Springs, in the State of Arkansas, but whose present place of residence is unknown, is hereby notified that on the 20th day of October, A. D. 1883, his wife Julia Jones filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Cuyahoga County, Ohio, her petition for divorce, charging him with wilful absence and neglect of duty for more than three years last past, and praying for divorce, and restoration to her maiden name; said petition will be for hearing after six weeks from the publication of this notice. Dated Cleveland, O., Oct. 20, 1883.
JULIA JONES.
By GREEN & PRITSE, her Attorneys.

**SPECIAL SALE**
OF
**Second Hand Pianos**
ORGANS
—AND—
MELODEONS
AT
**Geo. Hall's**
Great Piano Warerooms,
38 PUBLIC SQUARE, CLEVELAND.

Our stock of second-hand instruments is now very large, having taken in exchange several of late. These instruments have all been put in complete order and are very good, many of them in tone and style, and would answer well the purpose for practice, and we will take them at any time in exchange for new at our regular cash prices. We have about forty Melodeons, many of them nine &octave, parlor case, and as good as new in every respect.
We are now receiving daily our fall stock, which will comprise the finest lot of Pianos and Organs ever offered in Cleveland.
**Piano and Organ Repairing a Specialty With Us.**
Come to and see what we have done to improve an old instrument in looks and tone by the hands of experts. It pays well to have many old pianos repaired. It costs but little and improves the tone very much and enhances the value to own or sell.
Pianos Tuned by the year. Call and leave orders.
GEO. HALL.
November 1, 1883.

**COAL.**
Now is the time lay in a winter supply of
HARD AND SOFT COAL,
We keep a complete assortment of the best Domestic Coals stored in our sheds, which are the most complete in the city.
All Coal shall be well screened, promptly delivered, and Bill at popular prices.
**J. A. Beidler & Co.,**
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AGENTS WANTED—Address KEYS & WHISKY, Wheeling, W. Va.

**FOREST CITY SHOE STORE!**
Boot and Shoe Dealers.
Reasonable Prices.
SAMUEL GLENN & CO.,
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All Orders promptly attended to.