

LOST BROTHER.
Major Johnson, my brother, a lad of five years of age was taken, with other slaves, to the State of Tennessee, by John Johnston of Hatter county, North Carolina, in the year 1809, where he was left in the possession of Mr. Harry Fox, of said State. Johnston returned to North Carolina and shortly afterwards died. Mr. Fox sold my brother, Major, to Mr. Washington Norfield, by whom he was bound to learn the Tanner's trade. Soon after he came to the State of Ohio. Sylvia Johnston was the name of my mother, who was married to Joseph Griffin after the death of John Johnston, my father, by whom she had one son, named Norval. Alisa Johnston was the name of my grand mother.

The object of this advertisement is to obtain information of said Major, where he resides, if living. Should any person acquainted with him, chance to see him, please to inform me by letter, or otherwise, would confer a lasting obligation on.

JOHN JOHNSTON,
OF Columbus, Ohio.
RHEUMATISM—NO CURE NO PAY.
The undersigned has now on hand an infallible ointment for curing the above complaint. All those afflicted will find immediate relief by applying it two or three times and no more. Persons wishing the same can be supplied by call at his shop under the Swan Hotel. Price—50 cts per bottle.

ALBERT STRODER,
March 20.
HAIRDRESSING AND HAIR DRESSING.
The undersigned having up and his Shop under Mr. Beck's Jewelry Store, where he is prepared to do up the above business in all its various branches. Thankful for past favors, he desires himself that by strict attention to business he will be able to give satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

G. W. STANTON
Agent Wanted.
The Second Baptist Church of this City, wishes to employ a suitable person to travel and agent to solicit donations to complete the building of said Church. Any person well recommended, will be employed. Address the editor of this paper, post paid.

Apprentices Wanted.
D. & L. Jackson, wish to get one or two boys fifteen or sixteen years of age to learn the painting business. Boys of good moral character will be preferred.
March 15th, 1841.

LOOKING GLASSES—A general assortment.
L. J. Beck.
Feb. 20.

THE UNITED STATES LIBERTY LIBRARY.
MUSIC—In new paper and will be sent (Providence permitting) by the middle of July. The United States Liberty Library, compiled and published by W. J. Beck, Columbus, Ohio. All orders promptly attended to, if by letter post paid, addressed to the above. Editors friendly please copy.

DR. S. M. SMITH,
(Late Assistant Physician in the Lunatic Asylum.)
Offers his professional services to the citizens of Columbus and vicinity. Office, opposite the City House.

THE GOOD WIFE, for sale cheap, whole and retail, by
J. B. WHEATON, Druggist,
Corner of High and Broad streets.

BOARDING.
The subscriber can accommodate young men by the week, day, or month on reasonable terms. Also, persons traveling through our City, and wish to stop a short time, can be accommodated.
DAVID JENKINS.
Feb. 20.

TRAVELING AGENT.
Mr. J. S. Thompson is hereby authorized as traveling agent for the Palladium of Liberty to act in, or out of the State, with the privilege of soliciting donations as well as subscribers. The friends of our cause will receive him wherever God in his providence may cast his lot. He also has power to collect all moneys due from subscribers.

J. B. WHEATON,
Druggist, and Dealer in Patent Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dry Goods, Glass, &c., &c., wholesale and retail. Corner of High and Broad streets, Columbus, Ohio.
CHROME YELLOW—120 lbs. Chrome Yellow (Orange and Lemon colors) of the best quality, for sale at low rates of High and Broad streets.
J. B. WHEATON.
Nov. 25.

SHOW BOTTLES, Tinsmiths, Space Jars, &c., &c., of all sizes, for sale by the dozen or single.
J. B. WHEATON.
Oct. 14.

TRUSSES—Thompson's Men's Hair's Common and Extra Pat. Trusses—large assortment—of all sizes, for sale by the dozen or single.
J. B. WHEATON.
Oct. 14.

WINDY GLASS—A full assortment of Windy Glass, comprising all sizes from 8 by 8, to 24 by 24, for sale at reduced prices, with the corner of High and Broad streets.
J. B. WHEATON.
Oct. 14.

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS HAVE DECIDEDLY IN FAVOR OF STANTON'S OIL OF DEANESS—So famous and extensively used for the cure of all kinds of skin diseases, that it is now known as the only medicine that can cure a physician in extensive practice in Columbus has just sent for a dozen bottles, and says that his family who has been afflicted with a number of years has been cured by using this Oil, and that he, Dr. Beck, for the last year in his practice has seen some wonderful benefit from this Oil, and for the sake of the corner of High and Broad streets.
J. B. WHEATON.

LARGE GLASS OF superior quality for general use.
For sale at low rates of High and Broad streets.
J. B. WHEATON.
Feb. 10.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET
And Horses kept at Livery.
The undersigned wishes to inform the citizens of this City, that he has on hand a number of horses and carriages, which he is determined to let, on the most reasonable terms.
March 1, 1841
G. W. STANTON.

BOARDING.
The subscriber takes this method of informing the citizens and public generally, that he is prepared to accommodate a number of boarders by the day, or week on terms to suit the times. Gentlemen or Ladies, wishing rooms to themselves can be accommodated; persons from a distance coming to the city, will do well to call and see, before going elsewhere.
March 1, 1841.
G. W. STANTON.

HORSE KEEPING.
The subscriber is prepared to keep from one to twenty horses—terms, moderate—at the old stand, in the rear of the Buckeye House.
March 1, 1841.
G. W. STANTON.

BROWN ROOT—50 lbs. Brown Root (Assorted and to be taken) for sale at the corner of High and Broad streets.
J. B. WHEATON.

We have named a large number of gentlemen for Local and Traveling Agents. We will give our reasons for so doing. As this paper is of a general nature, and for the benefit of the colored people, the Committee thought it expedient to select the number that will be found below, with the privilege, at their own discretion, of adding either as Local or Traveling Agents, and as we have proposed their names, we hope each one will act.

LOCAL AGENTS.
W. H. Yancey.
Cincinnati—W. W. Watson, A. M. Sumner, W. H. Yancey.
Hamilton, Butler co.—J. Simpson.
Dayton, O.—T. Jefferson.
Springfield, W. F. R. Piles.
Cincinnati—L. Adams, A. Kane.
Cincinnati—R. W. Chancellor, James Leach, W. Moody, C. H. Langston, J. Burnett.
Cincinnati—W. Scott.
Lancaster—S. Smith N. Smith, Rev. I. Martin.
Zanesville—H. Mewer, H. Numan, W. Ganaway.
Hillsboro—J. Taylor, N. Taylor.
Warren, Trumbull co.—A. Day.
Shawneeville—W. Ferris.
Newark—W. Jenkins, H. Robinson.
Cincinnati—J. Malvin, J. L. Watson, R. D. Knesey.
Dublin—S. White, Jr.
Xenia—W. Roberts.
Lugan County—K. Artis, sen. K. Artis, jr.
Mt. Vernon—O. Martin.
Trenton—J. Jefferson co.—J. Simpson.
Mt. Pleasant—E. J. Sawyer.
Warren—A. M. Galt.
Gallipolis—H. Bell, J. Goe.
Jackson—N. Nokes, T. Woodson.
Lebanon—T. Bedford.
Massillon—J. S. Thompson.
Barrenville—A. Jones.
Lower Sandusky—W. P. Newman.
Cincinnati—L. Adams, A. Kane.
Lacklure—E. C. Tynes.
Morgan county—Lloyd B. Guy.
Perrin—J. Thomas.
Terrehaute Ia.—E. Roy.
Lafayette Ia.—S. B. Webster.
Granville, O.—T. Walker.
New York City—C. B. Ray, T. S. Wright.
Troy, N. Y.—H. H. Barnett.
Utica, N. Y.—T. Woodson, J. Fontain.
Genece, N. Y.—J. W. Duffin.
Batavia N. Y.—J. W. Peck.
Brooklyn N. Y.—A. J. P. Lockport.
Buffalo, N. Y.—W. Brown, A. H. Francis.
Boston, Mass.—J. T. Hilton.
Pittsburgh, Pa.—J. B. Vashon.
Baton Rouge—A. Doucan.
Indianapolis, Ind.—J. G. Weston.
Detroit, Mich.—R. Banks, C. M. Monroe.
Piketon—W. Evans.
Richmond, Ky.—C. O. Wooten.
Sharonville—D. Lucas, C. Smith.
Miami co.—T. Anderson, R. Smith.
Yonkers, N. Y.—Taylor.
Shelby co.—J. R. Harrison.
Logan co.—D. D. Day.
Champaign co.—D. Lancaster.
Crawford co.—A. Allen.

TRAVELING AGENTS.
Springfield, Rev. T. Roberts.
Zanesville, Rev. Geo. Coleman.
Jardine, Rev. E. Cumberland, Rev. S. Fox.
Xenia, Rev. D. Winslow.
Lugan co., Rev. M. T. Numan.
Hillsboro, Rev. W. C. Yancy.
Massillon, Rev. J. Thomas.
Columbus, Rev. W. Shelton, Rev. T. Law.
renew.
Mt. Pleasant, Rev. W. Newman.
Jackson co., Rev. T. Woodson.
Bulwer co.—J. H. Yancy, S. Jones.

PALLADIUM OF LIBERTY.

"WE HOLD THESE TRUTHS TO BE SELF EVIDENT, THAT ALL MEN ARE CREATED FREE AND EQUAL."
VOL. I. COLUMBUS, O., WEDNESDAY, MAY 15 1841. NO. 16.

THE PALLADIUM OF LIBERTY.

D. JENKINS, Editor.
This paper will be published under the superintendence of an Executive Committee of seven persons. It shall be devoted to the interests of the colored people generally and not to any exclusive set of individuals.
All communications intended for the paper must be addressed to the Editor, post paid. Any person obtaining eight new subscribers, and forwarding the money for the same shall be entitled to one copy gratis.
Terms—The paper will be published weekly, at 75 cents per annum, to be paid invariably in advance.
Advertisements inserted conspicuously for one square or less, three insertions 25 cents, and each additional insertion 15 cents. A reasonable discount will be made on lengthy, or yearly advertisements.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.
Columbus—D. Jenkins, Editor, L. B. Taylor, E. Fields, L. Jenkins, A. M. Taylor, D. Butler.

HORRORS OF THE SLAVE TRADE.
Fifty Days on board a Slave Vessel in the Mozambique Channel, in April and May, 1813. By the Rev. P. G. Hill, Murray.

There were 147 negroes on board; 189 men, 15 women, and 213 boys. The name of the vessel was the "Progress," and bound to Rio Janeiro. The crew were seventeen, three Spaniards, the rest Portuguese or Brazilians. An interpreter being wanted to communicate with these, concerning the care and management of the negroes, Mr. Hills was chosen. They were accepted in that capacity. Thus at 7 o'clock in the evening he found himself with his servant and carpet bag on board the "Progress," under sail for the Cape of Good Hope.

The English previously sent on board were the Lieutenant in charge, a Master's Assistant, a Quartermaster, a Boatman's mate, and 99 Seamen. During the first watch, says Mr. Hill, our breeze was light and variable, the water smooth, the recently liberated negroes sleeping or lying in quietness on the deck. Their slender, supple limbs, entwined in a surprisingly small compass; and they resembled in the moonlight confused piles of arms and legs rather than distinct human forms. They were however, separately at ease, and seemed gaily on as if they could be denied. But the scene was soon to undergo a great and terrible change. About one hour after midnight the sky began to gather clouds, and the horizon to windward. A squall approached of which I and others, who had just laid down on the deck received warning by a few heavy drops of rain. Then ensued a calm, the horrors of which it is impossible to depict. The hands having to shorten sail suddenly, uncertain as to the force of the squall, found the poor black creatures lying on the deck an obstruction to getting at the ropes and doing what was required. This caused the order to send them all below, which was immediately obeyed. The night, however, being intensely hot and close, 400 wretched beings thus crammed in to a hold 12 yards in length, 7 in breadth, and only three and a half feet in height, speedily

began to make an effort to rise to the open air. Being thrust back, and striving more to get out, the after hatch was forced down on them. Over the other hatchway, in the fore part of the vessel, a wooden grating was fastened. To this, the sole inlet for the air, the suffocating heat of the hold, and perhaps, panic from the strangeness of their situation must have pressed; and thus great part of the space below was rendered useless. They crowded to the grating, and clinging to it for air complete by barred its entrance. They strove to force their way through apertures, in length 11 inches, and barely 6 inches in breadth, and in some instances, succeeded. The cries, the heat, I may say, without exaggeration, "the smoke of their torment," which preceded can be compared to nothing earthly. One of the Spaniards gave warning that the consequence would be many deaths.—"Manna habra mo chos moriera."

"Thursday, April 13th, (Holy Thursday).—The Spaniards' prediction of last night, their crowding the negroes in the great deck—what horror and sickness—what cold and misery—what sin and madness and sudden death, horror and death—in fifty-two days perished 175 of the negroes on board the "Progress." Nor was the mortality stayed when they got on shore. Every day had its victim. Equally accused as slave traffic, in its perpetration and in its results—

"While we host (says Mr. Hill) the names of Wilderforce, and the genius and eloquence which enabled him to arouse so general a zeal against the slave trade; while others are disputing with him the claim of being 'the true annihilator of the slave trade,' that trade, so far from being annihilated, is at this very hour carried on under circumstances of greater atrocity than were known in his time, and the blood of the poor victims calls more loudly on us as the actually, though unavailing, negators of their miseries."

Much of the evil, we agree with our author, is only to be removed by the progress of civilization. Missionary efforts, he confesses, have done little or nothing; whether the planting of the Church there on the principles of Dr. Pusey and Newman, as he proposes, will do more, can only be decided after the experiment has been made and tried; and as that will not be in our time, we need not speculate on possible consequences.—Athenaeum.

refresh him. I observed two women creep out of the boiler in which beans are cooked for the negroes.

"April 15th (Easter Eve).—The world can present no more shocking spectacle of human wretchedness than is contained in this vessel. It seems that scenes so harrowing can hardly be witnessed without an injurious effect on the beholder, its tendency being, first to overwhelm, afterwards, by familiarizing, in some degree, to denude the feelings. Perhaps it is not revealed that apathy to the sufferings of others which the heart would be unwilling to acknowledge of itself. Antonio came to report to me that not one had died during the last night; adding, 'Elen arreglado, no muere.' This is, verily, to 'step full of horror,' but we were prepared for their nature before we undertook their perusal. There are others in the book, but we are happy to say, of a minor kind. But the reader who may have surmised these, will probably resort to the work itself; therein he will learn what perils crowd the negro ship in the great deep—what storm and sickness—what cold and misery—what sin and madness and sudden death, horror and death—in fifty-two days perished 175 of the negroes on board the "Progress." Nor was the mortality stayed when they got on shore. Every day had its victim. Equally accused as slave traffic, in its perpetration and in its results—

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A GENERAL ASSORTMENT
OF Summer Goods, for gentlemen's wear from ten cents to two dollars and fifty cents, for sale by
Columbus, May 6.

LOOKING GLASSES
FOR sale by
JAMES BECKWITH.
Columbus, May 6.

BROAD cloth, Cassimeres, Satinette and Linseys, for sale cheap, by
JAMES BECKWITH.
Columbus, May 6.

A TWO HORSE WAGON—An excellent article also, a BUGGY. For sale by
JAS. BECKWITH.
Nov. 15, 1841.